

Today

The Liberty Bonds.
Kaiser's Grave Diggers.
Bolshevik Guineapigs.
Their Serious Mistake.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE.

The important event approaching is the sale of Liberty Bonds to begin September 28. This writer, asked by the United States Treasury for salesmanship suggestions, offers three paragraphs as the basis for separate editorial announcements or advertisements.

ONE. Explain in simplest words why Government bonds sometimes sell below par.

Spendthrift who buys an overcoat or watch may sell or pawn it for less than it's worth. That doesn't interfere with the buying of watches or overcoats by wise men.

A hundred dollar Liberty bond is worth exactly as much every day in the year as one hundred dollars in United States money. The bond and the money represent the Government's promise to pay. The bond earns interest while in your pocket. The money doesn't.

TWO. After the battle and victory of Waterloo, English bonds went up in value fifty per cent. What do you think American bonds will do when this war ends?

Before the war a Government bond for one hundred dollars, bearing four and a quarter per cent interest, could have been sold any day for \$120 or more. At this moment intelligent men of great wealth are paying \$105 for a hundred dollar Government bond bearing only three and a half per cent interest, because that particular bond happens to be free of the heavy war income tax. Soon, with the war's end, the excessive war tax will end.

And far above par will rise the price of Government bonds bearing 4 1/2 per cent interest. Buy them now.

THREE. The Liberty Bond is the only investment in the United States of which it may truthfully be said that its market value MUST inevitably increase, and that its real value cannot possibly decline.

A man need not be very intelligent to realize that the best investment in the world is a FIRST MORTGAGE ON THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, and every Liberty Bond that you buy is a first mortgage on this country.

It is a first mortgage on every railroad, and it comes ahead of the railroad's bonds. It is a first mortgage on the probably unmortgaged house in which John D. Rockefeller lives, for the Government would sell that house at auction before it would fall in payment of bond interest and principal.

The bond that you are going to buy is a mortgage on every foot of ground in the country, on every man's labor. It's a first mortgage on the press on which this newspaper is printed.

Soon this country will be celebrating the victorious ending of a noble, unselfish war. Can you conceive of any better property in the world than a piece of paper that represents a first mortgage on the victorious United States of America?

Hertling, German chancellor, warned the aristocrats in his House of Lords speech that the German imperial crown and Prussian dynasty were in danger.

The Prussian Tories, drifting rapidly to the brink of a Prussian political Niagara, denounce Hertling as "the Prussian monarch's grave digger."

The Kaiser is his own grave-digger. He started the digging when he broke into Belgium.

Did you see the faces of wounded and half-starved German prisoners printed in last Sunday's newspapers?

Thousands of German wounded, leaning on the shoulders of their captured friends, are limping in horrible agony toward the prisoners' pens and hospitals along the roads back of the trench lines. Bullet and bayonet holes are festering in their bodies.

They are helped along by soldiers that are mere boys, taken from farms and villages, told lies, kicked, cuffed, and prodded to the battle line and only half fed.

In the great German army of wounded men and among their millions of relatives at home there are plenty of gravediggers for the Prussian monarch.

The one hope of the Kaiser and his family is that they may escape to Spain or Switzerland before Prussia and the rest of Germany realize what Germany owes to that Hohenzollern family.

The Bolshevik gentlemen, who appear to combine the complacency of a guineapig, made one serious mistake when they broke into the British embassy and murdered a number of British officials.

That is a thing that Great Britain doesn't forget.

The Britisher has always been able to say, much to the honor of his country, that the welfare of one single Englishman is sufficient to interest the whole empire and the entire British fleet. It's many years since Cromwell said, "A man-of-war is the best ambassador," and "We shall make the name of Englishmen as great as that of Roman was in Rome's most palmy days."

That rule has stood ever since, and the Bolshevik guineapigs will not break it.

England announces that no Bol-

Patriots 18 to 45 Will Register Sept. 12---Others Must

WEATHER:

Fair and continued cool tonight and tomorrow. Temperature at 8 a. m. 55 degrees. Normal temperature for September 10 for last thirty years, 70 degrees.

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PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Washington Times

FINAL EDITION

AMERICAN OIL TANKER SINKS SUPER U-BOAT

UTILITY BOARD READY TO ASK FEDERAL CAR LINES IN D. C.

By BILL PRICE.

Federal operation of Washington's street car lines is at last to be recommended by the Public Utilities Commission, long divided on the subject, as the one remaining assurance that the interests of the Government and the public may be protected against a possible breakdown.

In view of the importance of the matter, the consideration being given the question by the three members of the commission is necessarily kept secret, but it seemed sure today that the commission is now about united in the opinion that no satisfactory solution presents itself except the taking over of the lines as a guarantee that the Government's business may not be interrupted by a service that threatens to grow worse from now on.

Hope of Merger Dead. The commission has vainly hoped that the two competing companies might be able to overcome the difficulties that loom ahead. Consolidation of the two lines into one offered the best prospect through the saving of man power and money in reduction of expenses all along the line. A merger now seems dead.

The roads are facing a dangerous strait of men for car crews despite the fact that within a few days both companies will probably be paying motormen, conductors, and other employees 48 cents an hour for experience.

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WAR NEEDS FORCED 'GASLESS' DAY CALL

Figures designed to show the necessity for the Fuel Administration's gasless Sunday request have been prepared and placed in the hands of Fuel Administrator Garfield, it was learned today. The figures will not be made public until assurance is obtained from military authorities that the revelations of the war demands will not furnish information of value to the enemy.

These figures were in process of preparation when Senator Lodge introduced his resolution inquiring into the necessity for the order, according to Dr. Garfield and it is believed they will answer the questions asked.

TODAY

sheviki escaping from the next crazy government that happens to follow Bolshevism will refuse in Great Britain. That is a serious matter, for England's tolerance in the past has provided a safe harbor for all men fleeing from political vengeance. This applies especially to Russia. England has harbored and protected thousands of her radicals, including the great Kropotkin, who came under an assumed name and made a living translating into English the scientific books that he had just written in Russian.

Any Bolshevik ruler or Hohenzollern gentleman falling alive into the hands of Great Britain just now would undoubtedly be tried for murder in the ordinary way, and hanged in the ordinary way also.

EVERYBODY WHO MUST REGISTER SHOULD READ THIS

The following is the official list of registration headquarters.

There have been some changes of location since the last registration, and the following are the official places where you should go.

A change has been made in the registration place for Thursday, September 12. This change affects persons residing in the Soldiers' Home territory. Registrants living at the Soldiers' Home will report at the Park View School, Warder street between Otis and Newton streets northwest. Other precincts will remain the same as last year.

Following is a corrected list of registration places, with the boundaries of the precincts which they serve:

Registration Precinct No. 1. This precinct is bounded on the north by the center line of K street north; on the east by the center line of Seventh street west; on the south by the center line of B street south; and on the west by a line drawn through the center of Monument grounds, Executive grounds, East Executive avenue (Madison place),

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

PLAN TO BOYCOTT FOOD PROFITEERS

An appeal to the patriotism of the 320 food dealers in Washington to refrain from profiteering will be the first step in the drive against unfair prices, according to John Wolfe, president of the Retail Grocers' Protective Association, today. If this plan proves futile, a boycott by housewives and "fair price" dealers against the profiteers is probable. This drastic action is in line with an appeal issued yesterday by Jay Cooke, food administrator for Philadelphia, urging housewives to boycott the food profiteers of the Quaker City.

"We will attempt to clean our own house first," declared Mr. Wolfe, today. "If the appeal to patriotism fails, we will take further steps to check the profiteers. Conditions in Washington have reached such a stage that desperate measures may be necessary as a part of patriotic duty."

Robert A. Maur, assistant District food administrator, declared today that he favored the plan suggested in Philadelphia, to establish curb markets in districts populated by well-to-do citizens as a step against the machinations of the food profiteers. The plan is to educate these people to do their own shopping instead of ordering their produce by telephone whereby prices are kept up. Preliminary steps in the campaign to squelch Washington food profiteers will be taken at the meeting of the Retail Grocers' Protective Association at Perpetual Hall, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. All the 100 members of the association will attend, and the other 1,100 food tradesmen in Washington are invited.

BOLSHEVIKI FLEE BEFORE PEASANTS

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik troops are fleeing before a large force of revolting peasants, led by White Guard officers, which is marching upon Petrograd, according to dispatches from Berlin. The revolutionists are within ten miles of the Russian capital, the report states.

CZECHS JOIN SEMENOV

TOKIO, Sept. 7.—An officer of General Semenov's army reports that the vanguard of the Czech-Slovak forces operating in west Siberia has reached Olivanay, establishing connection with the Semenov contingent. It was officially announced here today. Three hundred German Magyars offered to surrender themselves as prisoners of war to the Czechs and Chinese troops.

FIREMEN FAIL IN ATTEMPT TO AIR THEIR GRIEVANCES

The District Commissioners at a meeting today denied the members of the City Firefighters' Union No. 36 a public hearing to protest against the method and rule followed by the Commissioners in the recent promotions in the Fire Department.

In a brief setting forth the stand of the union on the promotions announced last week, the committee, headed by R. E. Oden, stated that "the union and its members are protesting against precedent about to be established, and being convinced of the justice of their position, they respectfully and urgently request that a full and fair open hearing be had in the matter at once before the Board of Commissioners."

The Reply.

The Commissioners, in reply to the brief, stated: "As to so much of your protest as relates to method of action rather than action taken, we beg to invite your attention to the fact that the Commissioners alone can determine that action, and having been informed of your views in the case deem it unnecessary to further discuss the matter in public."

R. E. Oden, president of the union said today that the firemen were not considering a strike, and another meeting of the union would be held some time this week to decide on the next step.

"The members of the City Firefighters' Union, Local No. 36, are united in fighting for justice. It has been erroneously stated we have threatened a strike. I will say that no such thing has been contemplated at this time. First, always, we propose to remain loyal to our trust that life and property of the citizens of the District may be safeguarded. The senior officers of the department have been ignored in the proposed promotions. They are capable and efficient men and excellent firefighters."

The Men's Letter.

Mr. Oden stated that he did not know what action would be taken until after the meeting, which, he thought, would be held some time this week.

The letter sent to the Commissioners follows: "The City Firefighters' Union, No. 36, through its committee for the purpose appointed, respectfully, protest against the method and rule followed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the recent promotion in the Fire Department of the District of Columbia."

"They submit that the merit seniority rule which had prevailed in the past and accomplished such good results should still be continued. It was an incentive to the men to do their best, to do more than their duty, so as to deserve and win promotion."

"Under the new method, seniority would count for nothing; merit may be ignored and favoritism and influence may prevail. Practically the entire Fire Department are members of the Firefighters' Union, No. 36. The union is not supporting any particular person or persons for promotion, nor is it objecting to the promotions of any person or persons."

Protest Precedent. "The union and its members are protesting against precedent about to be established."

"Being convinced of the justice of their position, they respectfully and urgently request that a full and fair open hearing be had in the matter at once before the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, in order that the welfare of the people of the District of Columbia and their property may be best subserved, and the high standards of efficiency and faithfulness in the Fire Department in the District of Columbia be maintained and secured."

SUBMARINE BLOWN OUT OF WATER BY SIX-INCH GUN

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 10.—Sinking of a big German submarine September 1 in mid-Atlantic was reported today by members of the crew of an American oil tanker. The fight took place 1,600 miles off this coast. The battle lasted forty minutes.

According to the report brought here, the U-boat was very large, being at first mistaken for another oil tanker. When its character was made out, the American vessel, instead of fleeing, attacked it, using two 4.7-inch guns forward and then maneuvering to bring a six-inch gun aft into action.

When the final hit was scored it was asserted the submersible was blown out of the water and knocked to pieces.

Nurse Held as Slayer of Her Patient



Photo Copyright by International. MRS. BESSIE M. SKEELS. The arrow points to the nurse who is held for poisoning Miss Florence Gay of Andover, Mass. She pleaded not guilty. The picture shows her under arrest.

TOMB MAY SUPPLY POISON EVIDENCE

NEWPORT, Sept. 10.—At least one of the four bodies of relatives of Mrs. Beale May Skeels, the Bayonne, N. J., nurse charged with the murder of Miss Florence Gay, an Andover, Mass., school teacher, will be exhumed for examination, it was announced today by District Attorney Pierre P. Garvin, of Hudson county, New Jersey.

Dr. Furt Dely, county physician, has recommended that the body of Mrs. Skeels' brother, Albert J. H. Wilkins, be exhumed. Wilkins died on July 7, 1918, supposedly from inflammation of the stomach. It is believed that an irritant poison may have caused death.

RIOTS IN VIENNA STARTED BY WOMEN

PARIS, Sept. 10.—Riotous scenes were enacted in Vienna over the recent transfer of Austrian troops to Flanders, according to the Star's Zurich correspondent.

Thousands of angry women raided the railway stations, loudly protesting against the departure of the troops.

Throughout the dual empire the success of the allied armies on the western front, has created a profound impression.

A country worth fighting for is a country worth saving for. Buy War Savings Stamps with your savings.

COMMITTEE VOTES TO MAKE U. S. DRY

The House Agricultural Committee today agreed to report favorably the bone-dry amendment to the food stimulation bill, making the country bone-dry July 1, 1919.

Acting on the suggestion of the Italian ambassador, the committee added an amendment providing that Italian wines may be imported up to May.

ODDERS GRAIN EMBARGO.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 10.—A temporary embargo on shipment of all grain into the twin Cities, effective at midnight tonight, was announced today by A. W. Froholm, Federal manager of the Twin City Railroad Terminal.

BRITISH STRIKE NEAR EPEHY ON FRONT OF 3,000 YARDS

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES, Sept. 10.—The Belgians today captured the village of Pillelm and advanced to a depth of more than a mile, in a new drive on a two-mile front, begun today.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Sept. 10 (1 p. m.).—British forces below Epehy attacked at 5:15 o'clock this morning. This assault was made on a front of 3,000 yards, despite the rain which is sweeping the battlefield, and mud that impedes operations.

(Epehy is on the Hindenburg line a short distance south of Gouzeau-court, where the British attacked yesterday, winning important territory.)

A British outpost established this morning between Le-Petit, three miles from the Hindenburg line. (Fresnoy-Le-Petit is slightly more than three miles northwest of St. Quentin.)

FRENCH EXTEND AILLETTE GAINS

PARIS, Sept. 10 (noon).—French forces have extended their gains east of the Crozat (St. Quentin) canal, and repulsed two more strong German counter-attacks in the region south of the Ailette river, the war office announced today in the following communique:

"East of the Crozat canal the French took Gliberecourt and progressed east of Esigoy-le-Grand."

"South of the Ailette river the French repulsed two German counter-attacks in the sector of Nanteuil-la-Fosse."

"German raids in the Argonne forest (between the Champagne district and Verdun), and in the Vosges mountains (where Americans are fighting) were repulsed."

BRITISH ADVANCE ON HAVRINCOURT

LONDON, Sept. 10.—British troops advanced south of Havrincourt during the night, Field Marshal Haig reported today. Haig's statement said:

"Yesterday evening the enemy's second counter-attack on positions gained in the morning west of Gouzeau-court was completely repulsed. Our line was advanced during the night south of Havrincourt. We made progress east of Neuve Chapelle and west and north of Arras."

YANKEES ATTACK FOE GUN NESTS

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES IN FRANCE, Sept. 10.—Americans have advanced in local attacks against the Le Petite Montagne tableland. (Le Petite Montagne, a fortified height on the American lines, where they drop down from the Alsace to the Vosges, has seriously impeded our troops' advance on their right flank.)

A strong bombardment of the hill with the heaviest fire concentrated on the Le Petite plateau, the Americans launched their assaults Monday morning. The fighting was still continuing Monday night. Reports from the battle field said the Yankees assault was directed toward the tableland.